





## Brief 1905 - mine begins 1981 -works not being History production 1920s - largest producing copper mine in Commonwealth; metal BCMOE) recovery from mine drainage 1970 - Pollution Control Act becomes effective 1973 - mine owners ordered to obtain permit (lime treatment) 1974 - mine closes; mine owner ordered to maintain metal recovery system 1979 - mine sold to real estate · 2003 - Agreement with developer



maintained; initiation of period of studies and monitoring to characterise impact and define liability (EC, DFO, BCMEM, • 1997 - EC and BCMOE jointly

- fund pilot plant testing and conceptual design of HDS lime treatment of mine water
- 1997 Contaminated Sites Regulation becomes effective
- 2001 \$30M settlement with historical mine operators; initiation of remediation

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- current land owner • 2005 - Award of WTP
- contract











Estimated Costs	2001	
WTP Capital	\$ 11,569,964	
Fan Remediation	\$ 10,600,000	
JB Road Upgrade	\$ 1,375,000	Nominal Total Cost
Marine Remediation	\$ 15,000,000	= \$99.3M
AA Remediation	\$ -	
Mine Inflow Diversions	\$-	
Mine Safety	\$ -	
Project Management	\$ -	
Administration	\$ -	NPV Total Cost
Legal	\$ -	over 20 years
Annual O&M - WTP	\$ 1,770,000	= \$75.90
Annual O&M - Fan	\$ 680,000	
BITANIA MINE REMEDIATION		BRITISH COLUMBIA

## **BC Environmental Protection Act (formerly** Waste Management Act) and the **Contaminated Sites Regulation (1997)**

- Persons responsible for remediation of a contaminated site . include: a current owner/operator, and a previous owner/operator.
- A responsible person is absolutely, retroactively, and joint & severally liable
- 1998 assessment of corporate history identified several . existing companies that were successors to the historical mine owners and operators



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Comparison of Estimated Costs		
	2001	2005
WTP Capital	\$ 11,569,964	\$ 26,031,000
Fan Remediation	\$ 10,600,000	\$ 6,966,366
JB Road Upgrade	\$ 1,375,000	\$ 541,909
Marine Remediation	\$ 15,000,000	\$-
AA Remediation	\$-	\$ 2,000,000
Mine Inflow Diversions	\$-	\$ 423,620
Mine Safety	\$-	\$ 800,000
Project Management	\$-	\$ 4,506,514
Administration	\$-	\$ 1,885,161
Legal	\$-	\$ 701,105
Annual O&M - WTP	\$ 1,770,000	\$ 1,212,000
Annual O&M - Fan	\$ 680,000	\$ 200,000
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## **Outstanding Liabilities**

- Five large abandoned water reservoir dams on Britannia Creek
- Jane Basin Rock Block (20.000.000 m<sup>3</sup>)
- Loss of hydraulic continuity between mine ore body and 4100 portal (mine drainage exits at another location into Britannia Creek or Furry Creek
- Excessive WTP bypasses despite mine storage (weather dependent) 3250 overflow into Mineral Creek despite mine storage (weather and mine
- working collapses)
- Open portals, raises, derelict structures, fall hazards
- Marine sediment contamination
- Upland waste rock dumps at mine portals undefined remediation (RA)
- Outfall location instability
- Adjacent residential growth





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on contract items

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parameter	1999 permit		ambient	Mining	MMER	WTP	WTP		
			criteria	PCO	(total)	design	design	permit	permit
	(diss)	(total)	(total)	(diss)		(diss)	(total)	(diss)	(total)
Cu (mg/L),	0.05	0.2	0.002-0.01	0.05-0.3	0.6	0.02	0.4	0.1	
Fe (mg/L),	0.01	0.5	0.05-0.3	0.3-1.0		0.01	0.3	0.1	
Zn (mg/L),	0.15	0.3	0.019-0.095	0.2-1.0	1	0.03	0.5	0.20	
AI (mg/L),	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.5-1.0		0.5	1	1	
Mn (mg/L),	0.2	1	0.1	0.1-1.0		0.2	0.4	0.4	
Cd (mg/L),	0.01	0.05	0.0001	0.01-0.10		0.001	0.002	0.01	
TSS (mg/L)		25		25-75	30		10		30
lower pH		6.5		6.5					
upper pH		9.5		8.5-10					
96HRLC50		100%	100%			100%			100%



Summary of Fan Area Remedial Work





